### **Smart Cards** Towards a modern run-time platform

### 2. Software & Its Interplay

Thorsten Kramp & Michael Kuyper IBM Zurich Research Laboratory

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"Those parts of the system that you can hit with a hammer (not advised) are called hardware; those program instructions that you can only curse at are called software."

### Anonymous

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### Overview

### A. Basic machinery

execution model, byte code vs. native code, language aspects

### B. Memory management basic schemes, memory types: transient vs. persistent, garbage collection

### C. Atomicity and transactions

basic schemes, system-level vs. user-level transactions





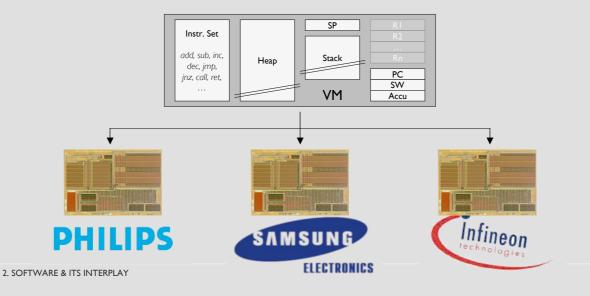






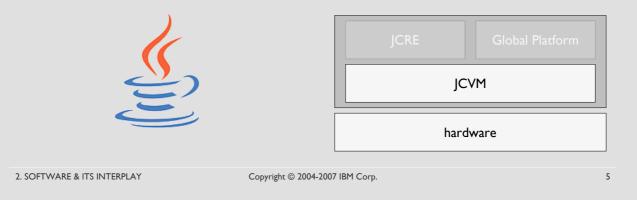
# A. Basic Machinery: VM

- Virtual machine
  - an abstract machine w/ its own instruction set, registers, memory model ...
  - programs written against an VM instruction set become independent from 'real hardware' (a.k.a. "write once, run everywhere")



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  - interprets Java 'byte code'
  - subset of the Java desktop VM



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#### Supported Java features

- 1. small primitive data types: boolean, byte, short
- 2. one-dimensional arrays
- 3. packages, classes, interfaces, and exceptions
- 4. object-oriented features: inheritance, virtual methods, overloading and dynamic object creation,
- 5. access scope, and binding rules
- 6. garbage collection (since JC 2.2)
- 7. optional: int

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#### Unsupported Java features

- 1. large primitive data types: long, double, float
- 2. characters and strings
- 3. multi-dimensional arrays
- 4. dynamic class loading
- 5. security manager
- 6. finalization (and garbage collection prior to JC 2.2)7. object serialization and cloning
- 8. threads

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# A. Basic Machinery: JCRE

- Run-time environment (JCRE)
  - life time
    - initialized at card initialization time (only once)
    - after each reset, JCRE enters "receive-process-reply" loop
    - applets and persistent data are preserved over resets
  - responsible for:
    - card resource management
    - network communication
    - applet execution
    - system and applet security
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#### Additional JavaCard features

- 1. persistent and transient objects; persistent is default [discussed in 2.B]
- 2. atomic operations and transactions [disucssed in 2.C]
- 3. applet firewall and sharing mechanisms [discussed in 3.A]

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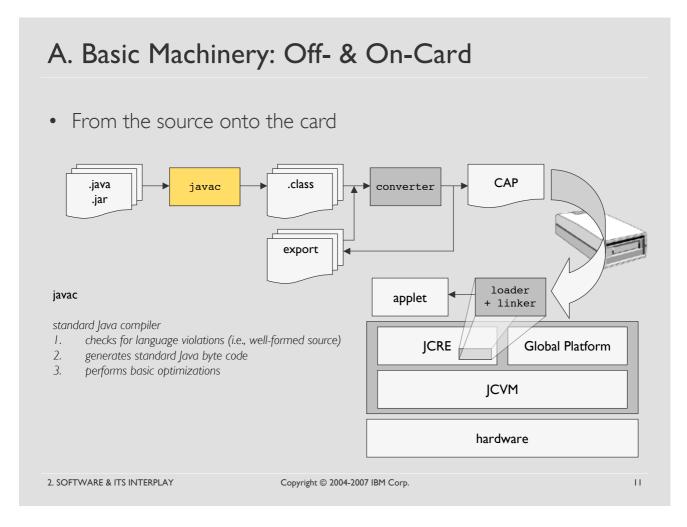
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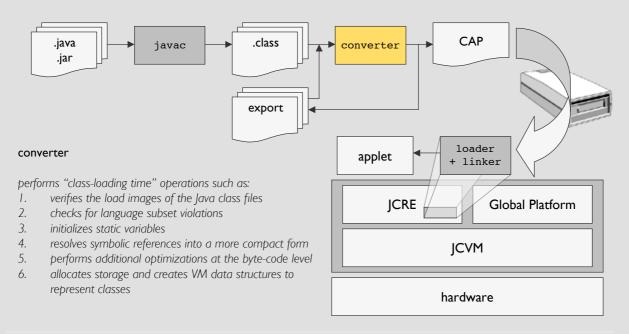
#### API packages overview

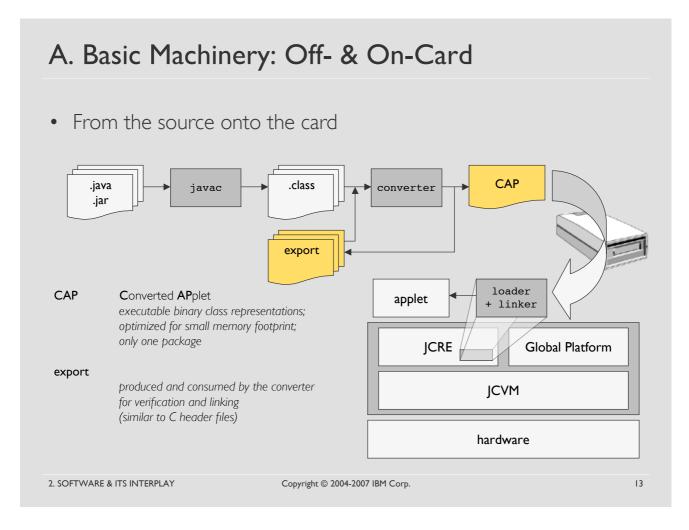
java.lang (strict subset of Java java.lang) e.g., Object, Throwable javacard.framework (core functionality) e.g., Applet, APDU, JCSystem javacard.rmi(remote method invocation) e.g., Remote []C 2.2] javacard.framework.service (service components) e.g., RMIService, SecurityService []C 2.2] javacard.security (crypto functions) e.g., Key, Signature, MessageDigest javacardx.crypto (US export-controlled crypto) e.g., Cipher

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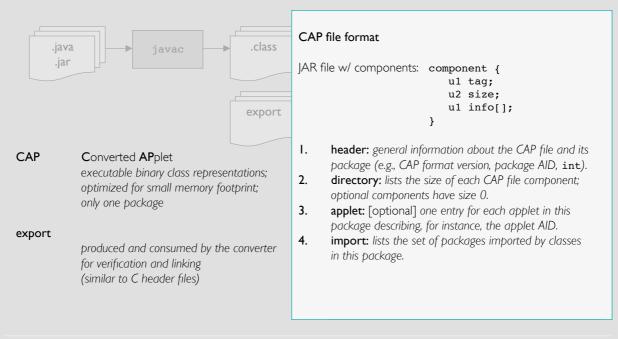


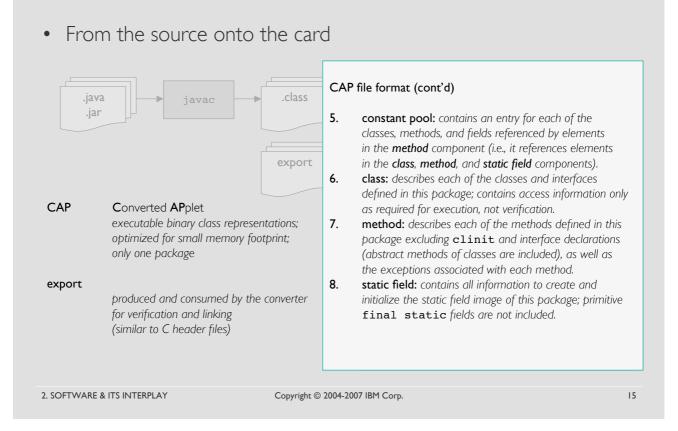






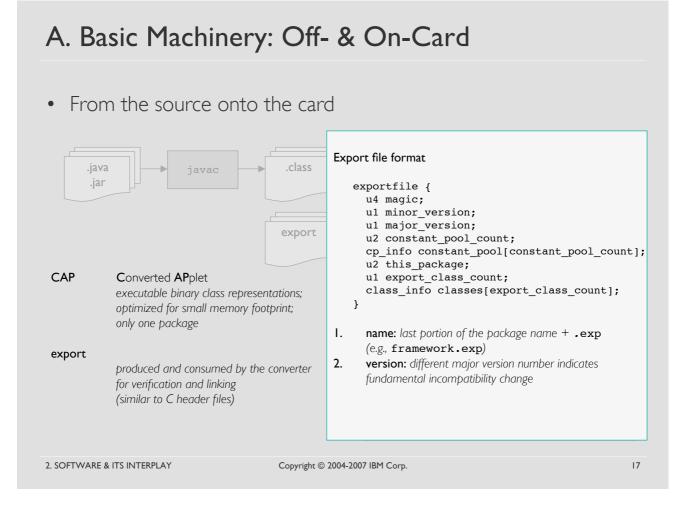




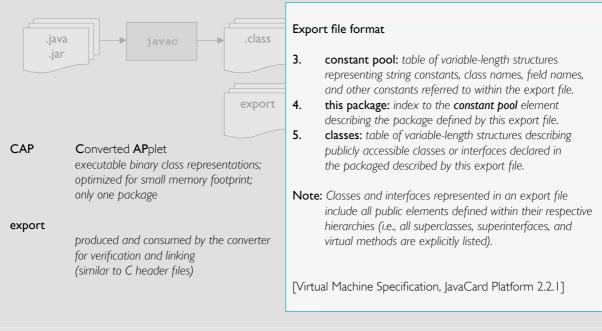


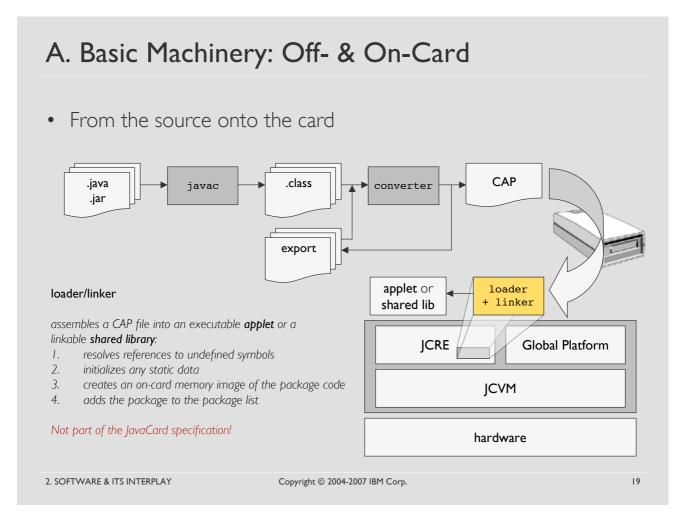
A. Basic Machinery: Off- & On-Card

From the source onto the card CAP file format (cont'd) .class .java .jar 9. reference location: lists of offsets into the method component to items containing indices into the constant pool component. export 10. **export:** [optional] lists all static elements in this package that may be imported by classes in other packages; no instance fields or virtual methods. CAP Converted APplet 11. **descriptor:** provides information to parse and verify executable binary class representations; all elements of the CAP file; references elements in optimized for small memory footprint; the contanst pool, class, method, and static field only one package components. 12. debug: [optional] contains all meta-data for export debugging this package. produced and consumed by the converter for verification and linking (similar to C header files) [Virtual Machine Specification, JavaCard Platform 2.2.1]

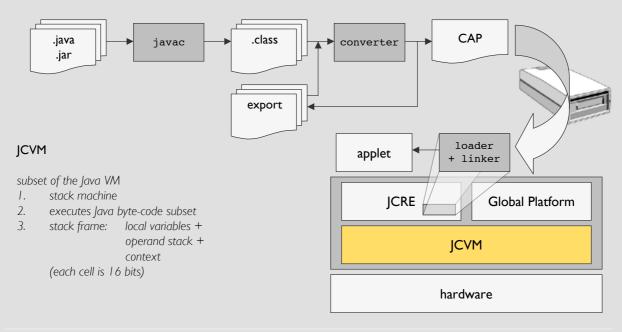


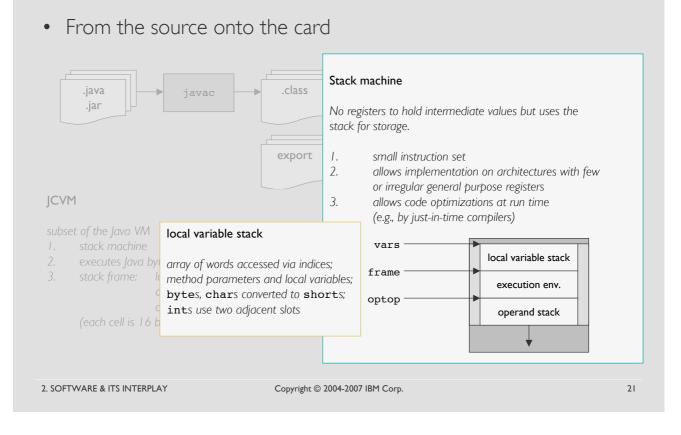
• From the source onto the card



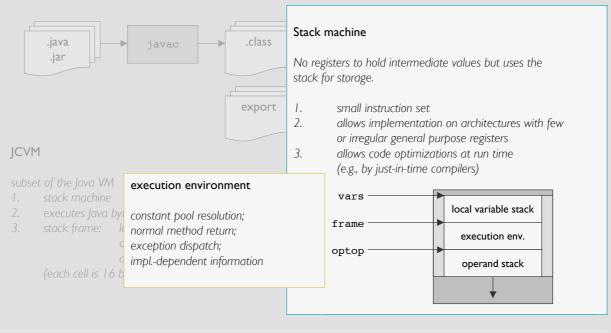


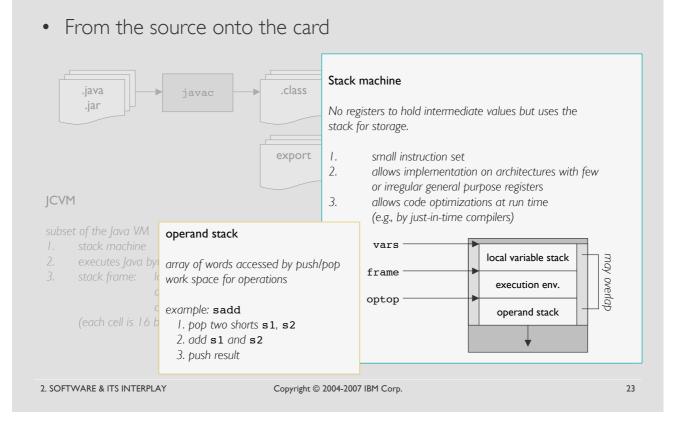








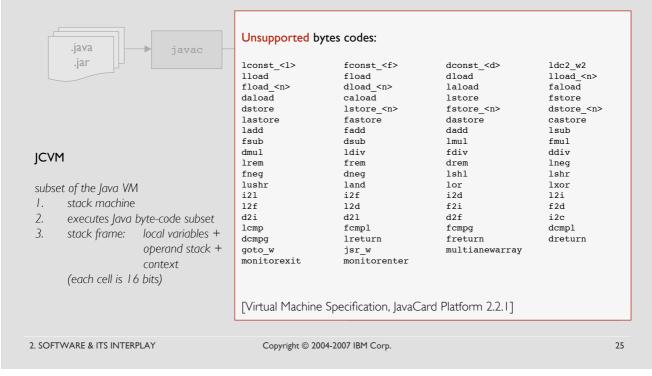




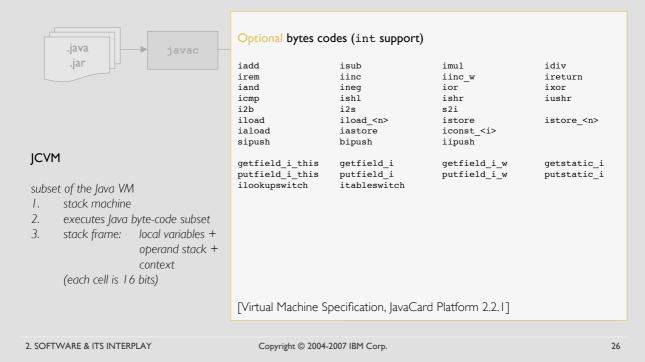
• From the source onto the card

java	Supported bytes codes:			
.jar	nop	aaload	aastore	aconst_null
	aload	aload_ <n></n>	anewarray	areturn
	arraylength	astore	astore_ <n></n>	athrow
	baload	bastore	bspush	dup
	dup_x	dup2	goto	goto_w
	new	newarray	рор	pop2
	jsr	ret	return	sreturn
	sload	sload_ <n></n>	sstore	sstore <n></n>
ICVM	saload	sastore	sconst_ <s></s>	sspush
Jenn	smul	sdiv	sinc	sinc_w
	s2b	sneg	sor	srem
subset of the Java VM	sadd	ssub	sand	swap_x
1. stack machine	sshl	sshr	sushr	sxor
2. executes Java byte-code subset	getfield_ <t>_this</t>	getfield_ <t></t>	getfield_ <t>_w</t>	getstatic_ <t></t>
3. stack frame: local variables +	<pre>putfield_<t>_this</t></pre>	<pre>putfield_<t> stableswitch</t></pre>	putfield_ <t>_w</t>	putstatic_ <t></t>
operand stack +	slookupswitch invokeinterface	stableswitch invokespecial	invokestatic	invokevirtual
'	if acmp <cond></cond>	if acmp <cond> w</cond>	if <cond></cond>	if <cond> w</cond>
context	if scmp <cond></cond>	if scmp <cond> w</cond>	ifnull	ifnull w
(each cell is 16 bits)	ifnonnull	ifnonnull_w	instanceof	iinuii_w
	[Virtual Machine Specification, JavaCard Platform 2.2.1]			

• From the source onto the card



• From the source onto the card

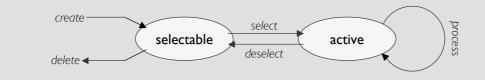


# DEMO

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# A. Basic Machinery: Applet

- Definition
  - a smart card application written in Java uniquely identified by an AID
  - instance of a class that extends javacard.framework.Applet
  - any number of applets may be installed [state: selectable]
  - only one applet is running at a time [state: active]
- Applet life cycle
  - applet's life starts when it is registered with the JCRE [state: selectable]
  - must be explicitly selected by the host [state: active]
  - purely reactive behaviour



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### A. Basic Machinery: Applet Class

```
public abstract class Applet {
    public static void install(byte[] bArray, short bOffset, byte bLength);
    protected final void register();
    protected final void register(byte bArray, short bOffset, byte bLength);
    public boolean select();
    public void deselect();
    protected final boolean selectingApplet();
    public abstract void process(APDU apdu);
    ...
};
```

#### public static void install(...)

- creates an instance of the applet subclass
- should perform any necessary initializations and must call one of the register methods
- installation is successful if the **register** methods does not throw an exception
- after sucessful installation the applet is selectable

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#### 

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    public abstract void process(APDU apdu);
    ...
};
```

#### protected final void register(...)

- registers the new applet instance with the JCRE
- uses the AID specified in the CAP file (only one applet instance possible), or...
- ... the AID passed in **bArray** (multiple instances possible)

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```
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```

### A. Basic Machinery: Applet Class

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   public boolean select();
   protected final boolean selectingApplet();
   public abstract void process(APDU apdu);
};
          public class myApplet extends Applet {
             public static void install(byte[] bArray, short bOffset, byte bLength) {
                (new myApplet()).register(bArray,(short)(bOffset+1),bArray[bOffset]);
             }
             protected myApplet() { // constructor
                . . .
             }
          };
```

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    public void deselect();
    protected final boolean selectingApplet();
    public abstract void process(APDU apdu);
    ....
};
```

#### public boolean select()

- called by the JCRE to inform the applet that it has been selected
- default applet is selected automatically on card reset

```
public boolean deselect()
```

• called by the JCRE to inform the applet that another (or the same) applet will be selected

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```
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```

### A. Basic Machinery: Applet Class

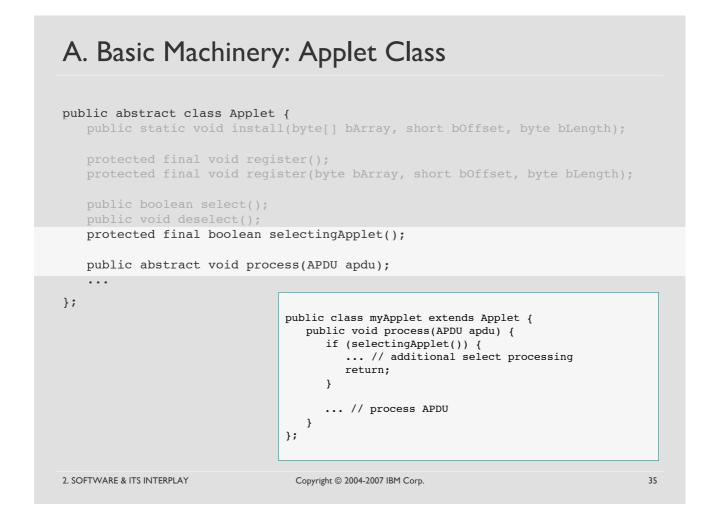
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    public boolean select();
    public void deselect();
    protected final boolean selectingApplet();
    public abstract void process(APDU apdu);
    ...
};
```

#### public abstract void process(...)

- called by the JCRE to process an incoming APDU command
- upon normal return the JCRE sends the ISO 7816 defined success code 0x9000 in the APDU response

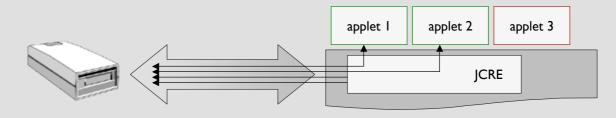
#### protected native final boolean selectingApplet()

used by the process method to distinguish between applet selects from other SELECT APDU commands



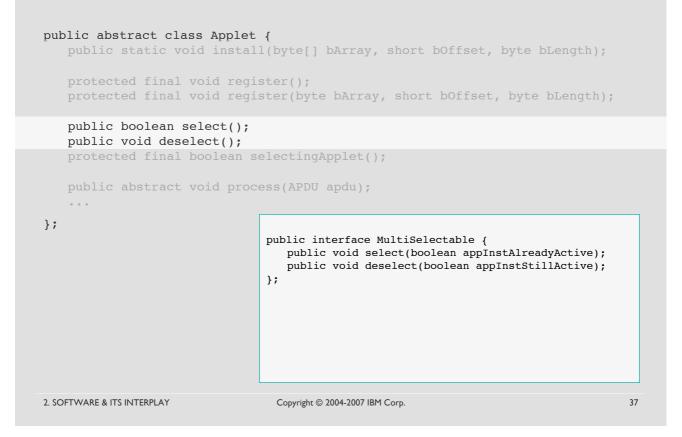
# A. Basic Machinery: Logical Channels

- logical channels allow up to four sessions into the smart card
- only logical channel 0 is active on card reset
- specified in ISO 7816-4, introduced in JavaCard 2.2
- one default applet per logical channel
- multi-selectable applets
  - implement javacard.framework.MultiSelectable
  - all or none applets within a package shall be multi-selectable



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### A. Basic Machinery: Interface Multiselectable



## A. Basic Machinery: javacard.framework

#### javacard.framework.AID

- encapsulates the Application IDentifier associated with an applet
- created by the *JCRE* only

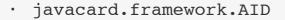
#### javacard.framework.APDU

- encapsulates an Application Protocol Data Unit according to ISO 7816
- singleton object owned by the JCRE
- zeroed out by the JCRE before each new message received

#### javacard.framework.Util

- common static utility functions
- javacard.framework.JCSystem
  - collection of methods to control applet execution, memory management [2.B], atomic transaction management [2.C], inter-applet object sharing [3.A]

### A. Basic Machinery: javacard.framework



- encapsulates the Application IDentifier associated with an applet
- created by the JCRE only
- public final class AID { public AID(byte[] bArray, short offset, byte length); javacard.framework public byte getBytes(byte[] dest, short offset); encapsulates an Applicati public byte getPartialBytes(short aidOffset, byte[] dest, short oOffset, short oLength); singleton object owned by boolean equals(byte[] bArray, short offset, byte length); zeroed out by the ICRE be boolean partialEquals(byte[] bArray, short offset, byte length); javacard.framework. boolean RIDEquals(AID otherAID); - common static utility function . . . }; javacard.framework. - collection of methods to co atomic transaction manag 2. SOFTWARE & ITS INTERPLAY Copyright © 2004-2007 IBM Corp. 39

### A. Basic Machinery: javacard.framework

#### javacard.framework.AID

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#### javacard.framework

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- singleton object owned by
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- javacard.framework.
  - common static utility funct
- javacard.framework.
  - collection of methods to carbon atomic transaction managed
- public final class APDU { public byte[] getBuffer(); public static byte getProtocol(); public short setOutgoing(); public short setOutgoingNoChaining(); public short setOutgoingLength(short len); public short receiveBytes(short offset); public short setIncomingAndReceive(); public void sendBytes(short offset, short length); public void sendBytesLong(byte[] data, short offset, short length); public void setOutgoingAndSend(short offset, short length); public static APDU getCurrentAPDU(); public static byte[] getCurrentAPDUBuffer(); . . .

};

### A. Basic Machinery: javacard.framework

- javacard.framework.AID
  - encapsulates the Application IDentifier associated with an applet
- created by the *|CRE* only public class Util { public static short arrayCopy javacard.framework. (byte[] src, short srcOfs, byte[] dest, short dstOfs, short length); encapsulates an Applicati public static short arrayFill(byte[] bArray, short offset, short length, byte value); singleton object owned by public static short arrayCompare (byte[] src, short srcOfs, byte[] dest, short dstOfs, short length); zeroed out by the ICRE be public static short makeShort(byte b1, byte b2); javacard.framework. public static short getShort(byte[] arr, short ofs); public static short setShort(byte[] array, - common static utility funct short offset, short value); javacard.framework. - collection of methods to co atomic transaction manag 2. SOFTWARE & ITS INTERPLAY Copyright © 2004-2007 IBM Corp.
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};

public final class JCSystem {

public static byte getAssignedChannel();

public static boolean isAppletActive(AID theApplet);

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- javacard.framework
  - encapsulates an Applicati
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